IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

JENNIFER ROSS,

Case No. 6:10-cv-06410-SI

Plaintiff,

OPINION AND ORDER

v.

COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY.

Defendant.

Alan Stuart Graf, ALAN STUART GRAF, PC, 208 Pine Street, Floyd, VA 24091. Of Attorneys for Plaintiff.

S. Amanda Marshall, United States Attorney, and Ronald K. Silver, Assistant United States Attorney, U.S. Attorney's Office, District of Oregon, 1000 S.W. Third Avenue, Suite 600, Portland, OR 97204; Kathy Reif, Special Assistant United States Attorney, Office of the General Counsel, Social Security Administration, 701 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2900 M/S 221A, Seattle, WA 98104. Of Attorneys for Defendant.

Michael H. Simon, District Judge.

On November 21, 2011, pursuant to the stipulation of the parties, the Court reversed the Commissioner's determination that Plaintiff was not disabled and remanded the matter for further proceedings. Dkt. 16. On December 7, 2011, the Court granted Plaintiff's unopposed

application for attorney's fees pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA"), 28 U.S.C. § 2412, in the amount of \$6,809.57.

Plaintiff's counsel now moves for attorney's fees of \$15,000 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. \$406(b). Dkt. 21. This figure represents 23.5 percent of Plaintiff's retroactive benefits.

Plaintiff's counsel requests an additional payment from Plaintiff of \$8,190.43, which represents the requested \$15,000 less the EAJA fee of \$6,809.57 already received. Although defendant does not object to the proposed award, this court must perform an independent review to ensure that the award is reasonable. *Gisbrecht v. Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789, 807 (2002). For the following reasons, plaintiff's counsel's motion for fees is granted.

STANDARDS

Under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b), a court entering judgment in favor of a social security disability insurance claimant who was represented by an attorney "may determine and allow as part of its judgment a reasonable fee for such representation, not in excess of 25 percent of the total of the past-due benefits to which the claimant is entitled by reason of such judgment." *Crawford v. Astrue*, 586 F.3d 1142, 1147 (9th Cir. 2009). Counsel requesting the fee bears the burden to establish the reasonableness of the requested fee. *Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 807. The attorney's fee award is paid by the claimant out of the past-due benefits awarded; the losing party is not responsible for payment. *Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 802.

A court reviewing a request for attorney's fees under § 406(b) "must respect 'the primacy of lawful attorney-client fee agreements,' 'looking first to the contingent-fee agreement, then testing it for reasonableness.'" *Crawford*, 586 F.3d at 1148 (*quoting Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 793, 808). Routine approval of fees pursuant to a contingency fee agreement calling for the statutory maximum is, however, disfavored. *See Fintics v. Colvin*, 2013 WL 5524691, at *2 (D. Or. Oct. 2, 2013). Contingent fee agreements that fail to "yield reasonable results in particular cases" may PAGE 2 – OPINION AND ORDER

be rejected. *Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 807. There is no definitive list of factors for determining the reasonableness of the requested attorney's fees, but courts may consider the character of the representation, the results achieved, whether there was delay attributable to the attorney seeking the fee, and whether the fee is in proportion to the time spent on the case (to avoid a windfall to attorneys). *See Id.* at 808; *Crawford*, 586 F.3d at 1151-52. Although the Supreme Court has instructed against using the lodestar method to calculate fees, a court may "consider the lodestar calculation, but *only as an aid* in assessing the reasonableness of the fee." *Crawford*, 586 F.3d at 1148; *see also Gisbrecht*, 535 U.S. at 808 (noting that courts may consider counsel's record of hours spent representing claimant and counsel's normal hourly billing rate for non-contingency work as an aid in considering reasonableness of requested fees).

DISCUSSION

As prescribed by *Gisbrecht* and *Crawford*, the Court begins its analysis by reviewing the contingency fee agreement executed by Plaintiff and her counsel. Dkt. 21-3 at 2. Plaintiff agreed to pay attorney's fees not to exceed 25 percent of the back benefits awarded. Here, Plaintiff was awarded approximately \$63,858.50 in back benefits, so the requested fee award of \$15,000 is approximately 23.5 percent and is within the statutory maximum.

The Court next considers the appropriate factors to determine whether a downward adjustment is necessary in this case, and finds that no downward adjustment is warranted. Plaintiff's counsel achieved a good result for Plaintiff (remand for further proceedings that ultimately resulted in an award of benefits), the representation of Plaintiff was professional, there was no significant delay attributable to Plaintiff's counsel, and the fee was in proportion to the time spent on the case and would not result in a windfall to Plaintiff's counsel. Plaintiff's counsel spent approximately 39.45 hours on the case. The effective hourly rate for the requested fee is, therefore, approximately \$380, which is below effective hourly rates that have been approved in PAGE 3 – OPINION AND ORDER

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this district. See, e.g., Quinnin v. Comm'r, 2013 WL 5786988, at *4 (D. Or. Oct. 28, 2013)

(approving de facto hourly rate of \$1,240 for attorney time); Ali v. Comm'r, 2013 WL 3819867

(D. Or. July 21, 2013) (approving de facto hourly rate of \$1,000); Breedlove v. Comm'r, 2011

WL 2531174 (D. Or. June 24, 2011) (approving *de facto* hourly rate of \$1,041.84).

CONCLUSION

Plaintiff's counsel's motion for attorney fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) (Dkt. 21) is

GRANTED. Plaintiff's counsel is entitled to \$15,000 in § 406(b) fees, representing

approximately 23.5 percent of Plaintiff's retroactive benefits recovery. When issuing the section

406(b) check for payment to Plaintiff's attorney, the Commissioner is directed to subtract the

\$6,809.57 previously awarded under the EAJA and send Plaintiff's attorney the balance of

\$8,190.43, less any applicable administrative assessment as allowed by statute.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 30th day of May, 2014.

/s/ Michael H. Simon

Michael H. Simon

United States District Judge